

ing the characters of *C. virescens* and *C. arctata*. In foliage and pubescence like the former, but in inflorescence much nearer the latter species.

NEW OR RARE PLANTS FROM POWNAL, VERMONT. — Pownal, which has furnished so many records of southern and western plants in Vermont, was visited the last of May, and a number of species new to the state were found.

Cornus florida, L., reported by Dr. J. W. Robbins in 1829, from Castleton, and since reported in other parts of southern Vermont, but unrepresented by herbarium specimens, was there collected.

Anemonella thalictroides, Spach, reported from "southern Vermont" in Perkins's Flora, was found growing abundantly with *Ranunculus hispidus*, Michx., about the hills of North Pownal. The latter species has undoubtedly been mistaken many times for *R. fascicularis*, Muhl.

Other noteworthy plants found at the same time were *Ranunculus bulbosus*, L., *R. abortivus eucyclus*, Fernald, *Antennaria petaloidea*, Fernald, *Taraxacum erythrospermum*, Andrz., *Anemone riparia*, Fernald, and *Polygonatum giganteum*, Dietrich. — W. W. Eggleston, Rutland, Vt.

[Prof. S. F. Clarke, of Williams College, writes that *Anemonella* has been known for some years at "Weeping Rocks" in Pownal. *Ranunculus hispidus* was recently found by Mr. Ralph Hoffmann at Stockbridge, Mass., its first station in the state. — ED.]

SOME ORCHIDS OF EASTERN VERMONT.

ALICE E. BACON.

A SECTION of the Connecticut valley, within a radius of four miles from Bradford, furnishes some fine specimens of Orchidaceæ, as well as other plants of great interest to the botanist. Less than a mile from the village is a swamp entirely covered at this season (June 25) with *Cypripedium spectabile*, and a little earlier fine specimens of *C. pubescens* and *C. parviflorum* were gathered there. This particular swamp is also a favorite visiting place for many kinds of birds. In the heart of the village, on a hill forming one of the banks of Wait's River, a small tributary to the Connecticut, is found an abundance of *C. acaule*, during the last of May.